# **Project Performance International**

## **Systems Engineering**

## **Newsletter (SyEN)**

## SyEN #009 - July 8, 2009 for June

## Brought to you by Project Performance International

http://www.ppi-int.com/newsletter/SyEN-009.php

Dear Colleague,

June was Late this year!

End of financial year frenzy has caused SyEN #009 to be later than planned, but here we are! We expect July SyEN to appear about as usual. How is that, two SyENs in July?

SyEN, an independent free newsletter containing informative reading for the technical project professional, with scores of news and other items summarizing developments in the field, including related industry, month by month. This newsletter and a newsletter archive are also available at <u>www.ppi-int.com</u>.

Systems engineering can be thought of as the problem-independent, and solution/technology-independent, principles and methods related to the successful engineering of systems, to meet requirements and maximize value delivered to stakeholders in accordance with stakeholder values.

If you are presently receiving this newsletter from an associate, you may elect to receive the newsletter directly in future by signing up for this free service of PPI, using the form at <u>www.ppi-int.com</u>. If you do not wish to receive this SE eNewsletter, please reply to this e-mail with "Remove" in the subject line, from the same email address. Your removal will be confirmed.

We hope that you find this newsletter to be informative and useful. Please tell us what you think. Email to: contact@ppi-int.com.

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## A Quotation to Open On

"Large skepticism leads to large understanding. Small skepticism leads to small understanding. No skepticism leads to no understanding" - Xi Zhist

## **Feature Article**

## **Types of Requirements**

by Robert Halligan Managing Director, Consultant and Trainer Project Performance International

## Why Should We Care About Types of Requirements?

The Types of Requirements, e.g. functional, performance, external interface, etc., are important to three roles in engineering: the Requirements Analyst role, the Specification Writer role, and the Designer role.

For the Requirements Analyst, a close relationship exists between the types of requirements, and specific analytical techniques. Thus, the analyst benefits from an excellent understanding of the Types of Requirements to select the most appropriate combination of analytical techniques to address a particular requirements problem. To even communicate about requirements and their capture and validation, relies upon a good understanding of the distinctions between different types.

For the (requirements) Specification Writer, of all the influences on good requirements specification structure, the Types of Requirements have the greatest influence. That is not to say that there is a 1:1 relationship between Types of Requirements and

elements of structure, e.g. sections. There is not. A sound schema and understanding of Types of Requirements enables the Specification Writer to very efficiently place each (singular, not compound) requirement in its single correct place. This transformation of a pile of requirements in a database into a well structured, no logical disconnects, easy to use requirements specification may even be automated.

For the Designer, many of the Types of Requirements have corresponding design process issues. In some cases, e.g. external interface requirements and other qualities requirements, there are also corresponding, specific design management issues.

In this paper, as soundly-based schema of Types of Requirements is presented, and the significance of each type to each of the three roles of Requirements Analyst, Specification Writer, and Designer is described.

#### **State/Mode Requirements**

State/mode requirements state the required states and/or modes of the item, or the required transition between one state and another state, one mode and another mode, made in one state to mode in another state, or the response required of the system as a direct consequence of a transition having occurred. A "state" is a condition of something - required or permitted. A "mode" in this context is a related group of functionality for a purpose, i.e. "mode of operation".

Significance to the Requirements Analyst:

To the Requirements Analyst, a States & Modes Analysis is performed early, and can contribute considerably to the capture of missing requirements and the validation of requirements that are already there. Because States & Modes Analysis deals with "big picture" required and permitted dynamics of the system, a States & Modes Analysis is a high return on investment analysis. The skillful use of States and Modes by the Requirements Analyst reduces word count and increases clarity of a requirements specification.

Significance to the Specification Writer:

How the Specification Writer deals with states and modes in structuring a requirements specification can have a huge influence on the effectiveness of that requirements specification. Some of the older requirements specification standards have directed very damaging practices regarding the states and modes aspects of requirements and their specification.

Significance to the Designer:

For the Designer, states and modes requirements have a soft influence, affecting, because of their "big picture" orientation, initial conceptualization of solution alternatives, and subsequently feeding directly (for a given concept) into the more abstract levels of logical design.

#### **Functional Requirements**

Functional requirements state what the system is required to do.

Significance to the Requirements Analyst:

The Requirements Analyst captures and validates functional requirements in a Functional Analysis (e.g. development of Use Cases). Whenever the Requirements Analyst discovers a functional requirement, the Analyst immediately goes looking for the associated required measures and values of performance. Having done so, the Analyst then iterates to Rest-of-Scenario Analysis, looking for requirements of other types.

Significance to the Specification Writer:

For the Specification Writer, functional requirements are placed in a Functional and Performance Requirements part of the requirements specification.

Significance to the Designer:

Consistent with a given physical (structural) concept of solution, functional requirements represent a point of departure into logical design corresponding to that concept.

#### **Performance Requirements**

Performance requirements state how well the system is to do what it is to do. That is, performance is an attribute of function.

Significance to the Requirements Analyst:

If the Requirements Analyst finds a performance requirement without corresponding function, the Analyst has found an incomplete requirement. The Analyst finds the corresponding function, and brings the function and performance together into a complete statement of the requirement, now a functional and performance requirement.

Significance to the Specification Writer:

The Specification Writer keeps function and performance together structurally. The Specification Writer does not place functional requirements in one section of a requirements specification and performance requirements in another; to do so results in duplication or ambiguity or both. The Specification Writer prefers to express function and associated required measures and values of performance in the one expression of the requirement; it is not one requirement to fly, and another requirement to fly at a certain speed!

Significance to the Designer:

The Designer designs to achieve required function and associated required measures and values of performance from the first acts of initial conceptualization of solution alternatives, through to completion of design in all detail necessary for implementation. The Designer may subject required measures and values of performance to a Performance Thread Analysis, an iterative analysis which is used to reduce any risk arising from any possibility of failing to achieve performance, and to optimize the use of design margins.

## **External Interface Requirements**

External Interface requirements state the required characteristics at a point or region of connection of the system to the outside world (e.g. location, geometry, inputs and outputs by name and specification, allocation of signals to pins etc).

Significance to the Requirements Analyst:

The Requirements Analyst captures and validates external interface requirements in a Context Analysis, and complements this capture and validation with Rest of Scenario Analysis, Parsing Analysis, Out-of-Range Analysis, and for data-oriented systems, Entity-Relationship-Attribute (ERA) analysis.

Significance to the Specification Writer:

The Specification Writer places requirements to "have an external interface" in a particular place in the requirements specification, and requirements on a given external interface in another place in the requirements specification. The Specification Writer decides whether to specify the latter set of requirements in an Interface Requirements Specification involed by reference, or to specify the external interface requirements entirely within the subject System Requirements Specification or Software Requirements Specification (as applicable). In each case, the Specification Writer decides whether to organize the requirements on the interface alphabetically by parameter, or alternatively in accordance with some "level of abstraction" model, such as the OSI 7-Layer Model.

Note that requirements on an internal interface are design requirements, and that the Specification Writer treats them accordingly.

Significance to the Designer:

What is not in external interface requirements is discretionary for the Designer, and becomes the subject of external interface design. External interface design must be consistent between the two ends of the interface. Furthermore, in most cases, external interface design assumes the status of requirements, when the overall design to meet requirements is baselined prior to release into production, construction and/or acquisition. This is a unique aspect relating to external interface requirements. The Design Manager must manage this transformation such that, at any point in time, there is a complete and accurate answer to the question "what are the characteristics required of this interface?".

#### **Environmental Requirements**

Environmental requirements limits the effect that external environment (natural or induced) is to have on the system, and/o the effect that the system is to have on the external enveloping environment.

Significance to the Requirements Analyst:

The Requirements Analyst captures and validates environmental requirements in Context Analysis and in Rest-of-Scenario Analysis, conducted iteratively with Functional Analysis.

Significance to the Specification Writer:

For the Specification Writer, environmental requirements are a unit of structure in the requirements specification, with three related concerns for a physical system:

- classes of environment, if any (e.g. Storage Environment and Operational Environment)
- for each class of environment, the set of environmental parameters that apply to that class; and
- for each class of environment, the applicable environmental envelope(s) set envelope(s) of ranges of environmental parameters that apply simultaneously.

Significance to the Designer:

With respect to environmental requirements, there are no unique, generic, design process issues.

### **Resource Requirements**

Resource requirements limit the usage or consumption by the system of an externally provided resource.

Significance to the Requirements Analyst:

The Requirements Analyst captures resource requirements in Context Analysis and in Rest-of-Scenario Analysis.

Significance to the Specification Writer:

For the Specification Writer, resource requirements correspond to a section of the requirements specification.

Significance to the Designer:

Any impedance in the supply of an externally provided resource has affect the behaviour of a system. The Designer may conduct a Resource Coupling Analysis with respect to each externally provided resource.

#### **Physical Requirements**

Physical requirements state the required physical characteristics (properties of matter) of the system as a whole (e.g. mass, dimension, volume, centre of gravity, surface coefficient of friction, density, etc)).

Significance to the Requirements Analyst:

The Requirements Analyst captures resource requirements in several analyses incrementally.

Significance to the Specification Writer:

For the Specification Writer, physical requirements correspond to a section of the requirements specification.

Significance to the Designer:

With respect to physical requirements, there are no unique, generic, design process issues.

#### "Other Quality" Requirements

Other quality requirements state any other required quality, that is not one of the above types, nor is a design requirement.

Significance to the Requirements Analyst:

Whilst a number of analyses contribute incrementally to the capture and validation of "other quality" requirements, the Requirements Analyst relies primarily on a Stakeholder Value Analysis to capture and validate requirements of this type.

Significance to the Specification Writer:

For the Specification Writer, "other qualities" requirements correspond to a section of the requirements specification.

Significance to the Designer:

"Other qualities" requirements are often of profound significance to the designer. A whole body of knowledge often applies regarding engineering to achieve the quality. For example, safety engineering, reliability engineering, producability engineering, are each disciplines in their own right. In addition, the Design Manager must ensure that the body of knowledge associated with engineering to achieve each required "other quality" is effectively integrated with the technology disciplines involved in designing to meet requirements of other types. This necessity leads to the widely emphasized concept of Engineering Specialty Integration.

### **Design Requirements**

Design requirements direct the design (internals of the system), by inclusion (build it this way), or exclusion (don't build it this way).

Design requirements that already exist and are already specified are identified and validated in a Design Requirements Analysis. This sometimes usually results in a substantial reduction in the number of design requirements, many to be replaced by valid requirements of other types. How the Specification Writer deals with design requirements can have a profound effect on the quality of a requirements specification, especially if design requirements are numerous. The Specification Writer must apply sound principles in organizing the structure of the requirements specification to incorporate design requirements.

Significance to the Designer:

For the Designer, invalid design requirements (.. and as well the solution must be ..) can cause considerable grief, forcing the Designer to do things that no reasonable person on earth would choose to do except under direction.

However, design requirements also move the pointer of share of responsibility for the design from the Designer to the requirer, and can therefore be used to avoid responsibility for the success of a design.

# **Systems Engineering News**

#### OMG, INCOSE Team on Certification Program for Systems Modeling Language

OMG<sup>™</sup> and the International Council on Systems Engineering (INCOSE) announced that they have agreed to work together on the development of OMG's new program to certify Systems Engineers and other practitioners on the OMG Systems Modeling Language (OMG SysML<sup>™</sup>) standard. SysML is a graphical modeling language used to perform Model-Based Systems Engineering (MBSE) - that is, to specify and design complex systems that may include hardware, information, personnel, and facilities in addition to software. The program, to be called OCSMP<sup>™</sup> (OMG-Certified Systems Modeling Professional), will be OMG's fourth certification.

More information

#### **Congress Strikes Deal on Acquisition Reform**

By John T. Bennett

U.S. House and Senate negotiators have hammered out a final version of defense acquisition legislation that would shake up the Office of the Secretary of Defense, and give the combatant commanders a greater say in deciding which weapons the Pentagon will buy...

The House-Senate bill also proposes creation of two new **director-level positions** within OSD, one to oversee developmental test and evaluation and another to manage the Pentagon's **systems engineering** efforts...

More information

## U.S. Army to Create Central Acquisition Organisation

By Katherine McIntire Peters

Under pressure to bring more engineering expertise back in-house after years of ceding such capability to contractors, the United States Army has begun standing up a centralized staff of systems engineers with the skill and judgment to broadly examine and improve the service's acquisition programs.

More information

## Australia Introduces "Systems Thinking in Schools" Training

Ian Marsden, eLearning Project Officer of the Wide Bay Resource Centre in the state of Queensland, has arranged for trainers from the Waters Foundation in the United States to run their Systems Thinking in Schools: Level 1 Workshop in Queensland.

To support this training prior to the event, and to provide introductory information about what systems thinking is, and how it applies to education, a web conference event has been scheduled. Participation is free.

Session 2: Saturday August 8, from 9:00 - 10:00 (Australian Eastern Standard Time). If you are interested in the training and the web conference, you may email Ian Marsden at ian@jistae.com and he will place you on the jistae.com distribution list.

The main training will occur over: September 29th - October 2nd, 2009

Where: Cavendish Road State High School Cnr Cavendish and Holland Roads

Holland Park QLD 4120 AUSTRALIA

Registration Costs: A\$1500 including GST

A lot more on systems thinking and related education in schools is at the excellent Waters Foundation web site: <u>www.watersfoundation.org</u>

#### "SysML France" Association Launched

For those interested in French discussions/information on SysML, the "SysML France" association has just been launched.

More information

## **Featured Society**

## Systems Engineering Society of Australia (SESA)

SESA (the Systems Engineering Society of Australia) is a Technical Society of Engineers Australia. SESA's Mission is to lead Australia towards achieving the highest probability of success in areas where there are complex projects.

SESA has its origins in the Victorian Systems Engineering Branch of the Institute of Engineers, Australia (IEAust), which was formed in 1990. In September 1994, a small group of interested engineers launched an initiative towards the formation of an Australian systems engineering association. The network quickly grew to exceed 250, and an inaugural meeting was held in Canberra on the 2 December 1994 to formulate the way ahead.

SESA was formalized as a Technical Society of the IEAust in October 1995, and was launched at a very successful one day conference held in Sydney in October 1995.

The rest is history, with chapters, working groups, annual conferences, and hosting of the 2001 INCOSE International Symposium held in Melbourne.

SESA's mission is to foster the definition, understanding, practice and advancement of Systems Engineering in Australian Industry, Academia and Government. Systems Engineering is applicable to many types of projects, including software intensive systems projects, where the structured guidelines promoted in current international commercial and military standards should be applied.

SESA aims to provide the Australian national vehicle to make systems projects successful, through the establishment of a viable systems engineering culture in Australia.

Membership is open to everyone with an interest in systems engineering. SESA membership comprises people working in fields of software engineering, government, academia, project management, electronic engineering and other relevant fields.

Organisationally, SESA is lead by a President, Executive Committee and Management Committee. Key appointments presently are President: Kerry Lunney, Deputy President: Chris Bland, Immediate Past President: Pat Lockley; Secretary: David Green; and Treasurer: Ian Harrison.

More information

## **INCOSE Technical Operations**

## **Requirements Working Group**

http://www.incose.org/practice/techactivities/wg/infrastructure/

#### Charter

The vision of the Requirements Working Group (RWG is) to be the acknowledged leader in advancing the state of the theory, education, and practice of requirements engineering and management within the systems engineering community.

The mission of RWG is to take stakeholders needs, real world constraints, and capture and evolve the Requirements body of knowledge (BOK - e.g. theory, case studies, application evidence), and to provide value-added technical products to assist the INCOSE membership to effectively implement and apply requirements engineering and management in their own unique settings.

The objectives of RWG are to:

- capture and evolve the Requirements BOK
- develop and deploy practical processes, methods, tools, training material, application evidence, and services
- enhance the knowledge and understanding of the RWG membership of requirements engineering and management
- demonstrate benefits of applying requirements engineering and management in the work place
- provide quality technical products to the INCOSE membership, while following the guidelines of the INCOSE Technical Board.

## Leadership

Chair: Jeremy Dick, Telelogics, U.K.

Co-Chair: Lily Birmingham, Lockheed Martin Corporation, U.S.A.

Co-Chair: Lou Wheatcraft, Compliance Automation Inc, U.S.A.

Co-Chair: Gauthier Fanmuy, PSA Peugeot-Citroën, France

Members of the RWG meet twice yearly - at the International Workshop and at the International Symposium. A teleconference is held approximately monthly.

Members of the RWG in Europe hold local meetings approximately every two months.

Contact the <u>Requirements Working Group</u> for additional information, or to join this group.

## Accomplishments

- REGAL (database of requirements good practice) 2007.
- Guide for Operational Concept Documents (ANSI/AIAA G-043) 2006.
- Preliminary REGAL became on-line (http://p-ring.net) for interactive sessions to help users to determine best practices for requirements development and management. Presented at INCOSE International Symposium July 2005.
- "Requirements Completeness", March 2004 Prepared by the RWG by Ron Carson (lead), Erik Aslaksen, George Caple, Paul Davies, Regina Griego, Ron Kohl, and Abd-El-Kader Sahraoui. Presented at INCOSE IS 2004 in Toulouse, France by Ron Carson.
- "Requirements Categorization", 2001 Prepared by the RWG by Andrew Gabb (lead), George Caple, Paul Davies, Steve Eppig, David Haines, Anthony Hall, David Jones, Dave Lamont, Jim van Gassbeek, and Bill Vietinghoff.
- "Executable Requirements Management Model Interim Report", 1998. A RWG Information Report by David Jones.
  Published in CD-ROM Proceedings of the 8th Annual International Symposium of the International Council on Systems Engineering - Volume II: INCOSE Technical Working Group Papers, 1998.
- "Interfacing Requirements Management Tools In The Requirements Management Process A First Look", 1997, A RWG Information Report by David Jones, Pradip Kar, Jim van Gassbeek, Frank Hollenback, Marty Bell, and Dr. Robert Ellinger. Published in Proceedings of the Seventh International Symposium of the INCOSE - Volume II, August 1997.
- "Characteristics of Good Requirements", 1996. Prepared by the RWG by Pradip Kar and Michelle Bailey. Presented at the 1996 INCOSE International Symposium.
- "Writing Good Requirements", 1994. Prepared by the RWG by Ivy Hooks. Published in the Proceedings of the Third International Symposium of the NCOSE Volume 2, 1993.
- "What is a Requirement?" 1993. Prepared by the RWG by Richard Harwell (lead), Erik Aslaksen, Roy Mengot, Ivy Hooks, and Ken Ptack. Published in the Proceedings of the Third International Symposium of the NCOSE, 1993.

## **Current Projects**

- REGAL (Requirements Engineering Guide for All)
  Objective: Assist in identifying requirements best practices. Goal: Productized by IS08
  Contact: Gauthier Fanmuy
- RAFT (Requirements Assessment For Teams)
  Objective: Assist in identifying requirement best practice based on parametric definition of project context. Goal: Prototyping RAFT by IS08
   Contact: Erwin Duurland
- Guide for Writing Requirements Objective: Draft by IS08
- Ongoing support for ISO WG4/WG7

- Ongoing support for BOD/CAB
- Concept of Operations
- Objective: Updating ANSI/AIAA G-043 guide to the preparation of operational concept documents. (Joint project with AIAA.)

Contact: Jim van Gaasbeek

- Elicitation Methods & Project Environments
  Objective: Assist in selection of requirements elicitation methods based on parametric definition of project environments.
  Contact: Regina Gonzales
  OF
- SE Handbook revision Objective: Contribute requirement expertise to the authors of the SE Handbook. Contact: <u>Jeremy Dick</u>

## **New Activites**

- Modeling with respect to Requirements (joint with MBSE, Architecture, HSI & Security)
- VV&T with respect to Requirements
- Product Family Management with respect to Requirements

# Systems Engineering Software Tools News

## MagicDraw UML Wins Design and Modeling Category Award at Great Indian Developer Summit

No Magic, Inc., claiming to be the leading provider of integrated modeling software and services, announced that its premier product, MagicDraw® 16.0 was the recipient of the design and modeling category award at the Great Indian Developer Summit Awards presentation 2009 held in Bangalore, India April 22-25, 2009.

More information

## **3SL GSA Contract**

3SL advised potential and current U.S.A. customers that they have been granted a schedule by the U.S. Government's General Services Administration (GSA). This allows end-users in the U.S. Federal Government to order Cradle licenses, maintenance, training and consulting services from 3SL, more quickly, with less paperwork, and at a discount.

More information

## **Future Cradle Direction**

For some time, 3SL has provided two Cradle clients, Toolset and WorkBench. Originally, all Cradle functionality was in the Toolset client. 3SL introduced WorkBench to offer a client with a more modern UI and with better ease-of-use and customisation facilities. Over time, the functionality of WorkBench has grown, both by enhancing functionality that is specific to WorkBench itself, and by either replicating functionality from Toolset in WorkBench, or by moving functionality from Toolset into WorkBench.

3SL has stated that the continued existence of Toolset caused unwanted complication in the installation, use and administration of the Cradle environment...

3SL has eliminated all of these problems in the next major release, Cradle-6.0, in which the Toolset client has been completely removed.

#### More information

## Artisan Newsletter 30 June 2009

Artisan promotes a fully integrated suite of modeling tools targeted to meet the development needs of embedded systems and software engineering. The suite provides notation support for the OMG's UML, SysML, UPDM (DoDAF and MODAF) and Data Modeling.

The 30 June 2009 edition of the Artisan Newsletter contains the following articles:

- Using Model Driven Architecture (MDA) for gluing embedded software onto host-based validation environments
- An overview of UPDM A Unified Profile for DoDAF/MODAF

- Westinghouse Rail Systems Reduces SIL4 Validation Effort by 70% with Artisan Studio
- Research Projects

More information

# Systems Engineering Books, Reports, Articles and Papers

### Build Safety-Critical Designs with UML-based Fault Tree Analysis

Authored by Bruce Powel Douglass, IBM/Rational

The Unified Modeling Language (UML) has been successfully used in many real-time and embedded domains, including aerospace, military, and medical markets. Many of these systems within these markets are used within safety critical contexts.

So far, disparate tools and environments have been used for capturing requirements, creating designs, and analyzing system safety. However, UML is an extremely powerful, extensible language. To this end, the author has created a UML profile that support capturing requirements, creating designs, and analyzing system safety, all within the same UML tool environment.

This series of three articles discuss the use of Fault Tree Analysis (FTA) for safety analysis in embedded systems design, and use of the UML profiling mechanism to create a safety analysis profile, including the definition of its normative metamode.

This profile enables developers and analysts to capture safety-related requirements, perform FTA and other safety analyses, create designs that meet those safety concerns, and provide reports showing the relations between the safety analysis, requirements, and design model elements.

Part 1: The basics of safety and capturing of fault metadata for analysis Part 2: Defining a UML Safety Analysis Metamodel Profile Part 3: Fault Tree Analysis of a surgical anesthesia ventilator

## **Design Must-Haves for your Mission-Critical System**

By Dr. Asif Naseem, GoAhead Software

Learn from this real-life example why the continuous availability of mission-critical applications must be factored into system design from the get go.

Service availability, or uninterrupted service to the end user in the presence of failures, cannot be effectively bolted on to an already-developed system if little or no consideration has been given to High Availability (HA) during the design phases. In this article, Dr. Naseem outlines the key considerations a designer of a highly available system must keep in mind.

More information

#### How to Save a Failing Project: Chaos to Control

Ralph R. Young, DBA Steve M. Brady, PMP Dennis C. Nagle, Jr. ISBN: 978-1-56726-239-1

Poor project results are all too common and result in dissatisfied customers, users, and project staff. With countless people, goals, objectives, expectations, budgets, schedules, deliverables, and deadlines to consider, it can be difficult to keep projects in focus and on track. How to Save a Failing Project: Chaos to Control arms project managers with the tools and techniques needed to address these project challenges. The authors provide guidance to develop a project plan, establish a schedule for execution, identify project tracking mechanisms, and implement turnaround methods to avoid failure and regain control.

More information

## **Conferences and Meetings**

## WER'09: 12th Workshop on Requirements Engineering

## **INCOSE 19th Annual International Symposium (IS) 2009**

July 20 - 23, 2009. Singapore More information

#### 3rd Annual International Workshop on Requirements Engineering for Services (REFS'09)

In conjunction with COMPSAC 2009, July 20 - 24, 2009. Seattle, Washington More information

#### 2nd IEEE International Workshop on Industrial Experience in Embedded Systems Design (IEESD 2009)

In conjunction with COMPSAC 2009, July 20 - 24, 2009. Seattle, Washington More information

#### 2009 International Conference of the System Dynamics Society

July 26 - 30, 2009. Albuquerque, New Mexico More information

#### PICMET '09 Conference: "Technology Management in the Age of Fundamental Change"

August 2 - 6, 2009. Hilton Portland and Executive Tower, Portland, Oregon, USA More information

#### **CGBDP - VII Brazilian Congress on Product Development Management**

August 3 - 5, 2009. Embraer Eugenio de Melo, Brazil More information

#### Innovation 2009 - As Real as it Gets

August 4 - 5, 2009. Histon Hotel, Sydney, Australia. More information

#### Improving Systems and Software Engineering Conference (ISSEC 2009)

Co-located with the 6th Annual Project Management Australia Conference (PMOZ 2009). August 10 - 12, 2009. Canberra, Australia More information

## Workshop on Logical Aspects of Fault Tolerance (LAFT)

(affiliated with LICS 2009). August 15, 2009. University of California, Los Angeles, USA More information

## 17th IEEE International Requirements Engineering Conference (RE'09)

31 August - 4 September 2009, Atlanta, Georgia, USA More information

## Workshop on Collaboration and Intercultural Issues on Requirements: Communication,

## **Understanding and Softskills (CIRCUS)**

In Conjunction with 17th IEEE International Requirements Engineering Conference (RE'09). 31 August, 2009. Atlanta, Georgia, USA <u>More information</u>

#### **Doctoral Symposium at RE'09**

1 September, 2009. Atlanta, Georgia, USA. <u>More information</u>

#### 4th International Workshop on Requirements Engineering Vizualisation (REV'09)

31 August, 2009. Atlanta, Georgia, USA. More information

### 4th International Workshop on Requirements Engineering Education and Training

31 August, 2009. Atlanta, Georgia, USA. More information

#### 2nd International Workshop on Managing Requirements Knowledge (MaRK '09)

In conjunction with the 17th IEEE Requirements Engineering Conference 1 September, 2009. Atlanta, Georgia, USA <u>More information</u>

#### 2nd International Workshop on Requirements Engineering and Law

In conjunction with the 17th IEEE Requirements Engineering Conference 1 September, 2009. Atlanta, Georgia, USA <u>More information</u>

## 1st Workshop on Service-Oriented Business Networks and Ecosystems (SOBNE '09)

1 September, 2009. Auckland, New Zealand. More information

#### European Systems & Software Process Improvement and Innovation (EuroSPI2)

September 2 - 4, 2009. University of Alcala, Spain More information

#### 3rd International Workshop on Enterprise Modeling and Information Systems Architectures

10 - 11 September, 2009. Ulm University, Germany More information

## AIAA Space 2009 - Joint Space Systems Engineering and Economics Track

Within the conference is a joint Space Systems Engineering and Economics Track that has room for slots for four space systems engineering papers. September 14 - 17, 2009. Pasadena, CA, USA

**Download Call for Papers** 

Additional Conference Information

### Third IEEE International Conference on Self-Adaptive and Self-organising Systems (SASO'09)

(IEEE approval pending)

September 14 - 18, 2009. San Francisco, USA

More information

#### SEPG Asia-Pacific 2009

September 16 - 18, 2009. Osaka, Japan.

#### More information

# ICAPS 2009 Workshop on Verification and Validation of Planning and Scheduling Systems (VV&PS 2009)

September 19 - 20, 2009. Thessaloniki, Greece.

More information

#### 14th System Design Languages Forum

September 22 - 24, 2009. Ruhr-University of Bochum, Germany More information

#### ICISE 2009 - International Conference on Industrial and Systems Engineering

September 23, 2009, Toronto, Canada More information

#### Ninth International Workshop on Automated Verification of Critical Systems (AVoCS 2009)

Swansea University Computer Science, September 23 - 25, 2009. More information

#### Workshop "Games, Business Processes and Models of Interactions"

September 28, 2009, University of Lubeck, Germany. More information

#### Systems Thinking in Schools: Level 1 Workshop

September 29 - October 2, 2009. Cavendish Road State High School, Holland Park, QLD, Australia. <u>More information</u>

#### 12th Australian Workshop on Requirements Engineering (AWRE'09)

October 1 -2, 2009. University of Technology, Sydney, Australia. <u>More information</u>

# Workshop "Integration Engineering" held at the annual meeting 2009 of the Gesellschaft fuer Informatik e.V. (GI)

October 2, 2009, University of Lubeck, Germany. More information

### (formerly the UML series of conferences)

4 - 9 October, 2009, Denver, Colorado, USA. More information

# 2nd International Workshop on Model Based Architecting and Construction of Embedded Systems (in conjunction with MODELS 2009)

6 October, 2009. Denver, Colorado, USA. <u>More information</u>

#### **Track Systems Engineering 2009**

7 - 8 October, 2009, Munich, Germany. More information

# 2009 SEER by Galorath North American User Conference: Best Practices in Project Estimation, Planning & Control

8 - 9 October, 2009. Porofino Hotel, California, USA. <u>More information</u>

#### International Conference on Man-Machine Systems (ICoMMS)

11 - 13 October, 2009, University of Malaysia Perlis. <u>More information</u>

#### Symposium on Automotive/Avionics Systems Engineering SAASE 2009

14 - 17 October, 2009, San Diego, CA, USA. More information

#### 12th Annual Systems Engineering Conference

26 - 29 October, 2009, San Diego, CA, USA. More information

#### Formal Methods for Industrial Critical Systems (FMICS) 2009

2 - 3 November, 2009, Eindhoven, The Netherlands. More information

## 16th International Symposium on Formal Methods (FM2009)

2 - 6 November, 2009, Eindhoven, The Netherlands. <u>More information</u>

## 28th International Conference on Conceptual Modeling

9 - 12 November, 2009, Gramado, RS, Brazil. More information

## Workshop on Requirements, Intentions and Goals in Conceptual Modeling

9 - 12 November, 2009, Gramado, RS, Brazil. <u>More information</u>

## 1st Annual Global Conference on Systems and Enterprises (GCSE)

2 - 4 December, 2009. Singapore. More information

## **IESS 1.0: First International Conference on Exploring Services Sciences**

17 - 19 February, 2010. Geneva, Switzerland. <u>More information</u>

## The Third Edition of the Requirements Engineering Track (RE-Track'10)

22 - 26 March, 2010. Sierre, Switzerland. More information

## Agent-Directed Simulation Symposium (ADS 2010)

12 - 15 April, 2010, Orlando, Florida, USA. More information

## Fourth Asia-Pacific Conference on Systems Engineering (APCOSE 2010)

11 - 13 September, 2010. Keelung, Taiwan. Website to be advised

# **Education & Academia**

## Keio University, Japan, Opens Admissions for GSSDM

The Keio University, Tokyo, Japan has opened enrollments for its Graduate School of System Design and Management.

The Graduate School of System Design and Management has the objective of fostering the leaders of the new generation to meet social needs, via:

- Innovative Education Concept to Celebrate the 150 Anniversary
- A New Program to Foster Social/Technology Leaders of the 21st Century
- Capability Reinforcement to Design and Operate a Complex System of Systems in Totally International Framework
- A Melting Pot to Provide Forum for Fusion of Different Generations, Fields, Social Status Regardless of Educational Background
- Leading Edge Information Technology Applied to Design Projects.

The following degrees are offered:

- Master of System Engineering, or Master of System Design and Management
- Ph.D. in System Engineering or Ph.D. in System Design and Management

The Graduate School of System Design and Management is lead by Professors Ohkami, Yoshiaki; Urago, Masataka; Ogi, Tetsuro; Takano, Kenichi; Teshima, Ryuichi; Toma, Tetsuya; Nishimura, Hidekazu; Haruyama, Shinichiro; Hibiya, Taketoshi; Maeno, Takashi; Sasaki, Shoichi; and Nakano, Masaru.

The Graduate School of System Design and Management has affiliations with:

- Japan Chapter of INCOSE (the International Council on Systems Engineering)
- Massachusetts Institute of Technology, USA
- INSA (Institut National des Sciences Appliquées), France
- EIC, Loughborough University, UK
- Stanford University, USA
- Stevens Institute of Technology, USA

• JAXA AIST Industry Research Centers, Japan.

PPI has regularly presented its one-week engineering courses for the Graduate School of System Design and Management, the most recent delivery being in March, 2009.

More information

# **Some Systems Engineering-Relevant Websites**

#### http://www.watersfoundation.org/

An organisation promoting the effective application of systems thinking concepts, habits and tools in classroom instruction and school improvement.

#### http://jistae.com/tag/systems-thinking/

A blog started by Ian Marsden to be a map of his journeys into Systems Thinking and Education.

#### http://www.mapthemind.com/

Designs for Thinking - Professional development facilitating thinking and learning through the use of visual tools and Thinking Maps®.

#### http://www.habits-of-mind.net/

Habits of Mind - Provides resources to support the understanding and use of the Habits of Mind.

#### http://www.iseesystems.com/

isee Systems - Information about the purchase and use of STELLA® Computer modeling sofware. Examples of and guidelines for computer models.

#### http://www.pegasuscom.com

Pegasus Communications - Information about periodicals, resource materials, and workshops related to systems thinking concepts and tools, dynamic modeling and organisational learning.

#### http://www.sustainer.org/

Sustainability Institute - Appling systems thinking concept and tools, dynamic modeling and organisational learning practices to economic, environmental and social challenges.

#### http://web.mit.edu/sdg/www

System Dynamics Group - MIT - Systems based research projects at the Sloan School of Management, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

#### http://iisd1.iisd.ca/pcdf/meadows/default.htm

The Global Citizen - Archives of a bi-weekly column written by Dr. Donella H. Meadows commenting on world events from a systems point of view.

#### http://pascal.computer.org/sev\_display/index.action

This web page provides access to SEVOCAB: Software and Systems Engineering Vocabulary. SEVOCAB is a project of the IEEE Computer Society and ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC7, SEVOCAB includes definitions from international standards - including ISO/IEC and IEEE. You can search for a term as defined in the standards included in the data base, or for all the definitions in a nominated standard. SERVOCAB is destined to become an international standard - ISO/IEC 24765.

#### http://www.iso-architecture.org/ieee-1471/

This is the website for IEEE Std 1471-2000, Recommended Practice for Architectural Description of Software-intensive Systems, which is also ISO/IEC 42010:2007.

The website provides for subscription to an IEEE 1471 Users Group Email List. The purpose of the Users Group is to serve as an open forum to discuss issues pertaining to IEEE 1471. With a joint ISO and IEEE revision of the standard underway, the Users Group mailing list is intended to be the primary source of announcements about the revision, calls for participation, etc.

Other content of the site includes a history of IEEE 1471, IEEE 1471 FAQ, IEEE 1471 events calendar, downloads and links related to the standard.

## **Standards and Guides**

## ISO/IEC JTC 1, SC 7 Standards Relevant to Systems Engineering

ISO/IEC 14102:2008, Information technology -- Guideline for the evaluation and selection of CASE tools

ISO/IEC 15026:1998, Information technology -- System and software integrity levels

ISO/IEC DTR 15026-1, Systems and software engineering -- Systems and software assurance -- Part 1: Concepts and vocabulary

ISO/IEC CD 15026-2, Systems and Software Engineering -- Systems and Software Assurance -- Part 2: Assurance case

ISO/IEC 15288:2008, Systems and software engineering -- System life cycle processes

ISO/IEC 15289:2006, Systems and software engineering -- Content of systems and software life cycle process information products (Documentation)

ISO/IEC 15504-1:2004, Information technology -- Process assessment -- Part 1: Concepts and vocabulary

ISO/IEC 15504-2:2003, Information technology -- Process assessment -- Part 2: Performing an assessment

ISO/IEC 15504-2:2003/Cor 1:2004

ISO/IEC 15504-3:2004 Information technology -- Process assessment -- Part 3: Guidance on performing an assessment

ISO/IEC 15504-4:2004, Information technology -- Process assessment -- Part 4: Guidance on use for process improvement and process capability determination

ISO/IEC 15504-5:2006, Information technology -- Process Assessment -- Part 5: An exemplar Process Assessment Model

ISO/IEC TR 15504-6:2008, Information technology -- Process assessment -- Part 6: An exemplar system life cycle process assessment model

ISO/IEC TR 15504-7:2008, Information technology -- Process assessment -- Part 7: Assessment of organizational maturity

ISO/IEC 15909-1:2004, Software and system engineering -- High-level Petri nets -- Part 1: Concepts, definitions and graphical notation

ISO/IEC 15909-1:2004/FPDAmd 1

ISO/IEC FDIS 15909-2, Software and system engineering -- High-level Petri nets -- Part 2: Transfer Format

ISO/IEC 15939:2007, Systems and software engineering -- Measurement process

ISO/IEC 16085:2006, Systems and software engineering -- Life cycle processes -- Risk management

ISO/IEC FDIS 16326, Systems and software engineering -- Life cycle processes -- Project management

ISO/IEC DTR 18018.2, Information technology -- Configuration Management tool capabilities

ISO/IEC TR 19760:2003, Systems engineering -- A guide for the application of ISO/IEC 15288 (System life cycle processes)

ISO/IEC DTR 24748-1, Systems and software engineering -- Guide for life cycle management

ISO/IEC FDIS 24765, Systems and software engineering -- Vocabulary

ISO/IEC DTR 24766.2, Information technology -- Requirement engineering tool requirements

ISO/IEC TR 24774:2007, Software and systems engineering -- Life cycle management -- Guidelines for process description

ISO/IEC WD 26511, Software and systems engineering -- User documentation requirements for managers

ISO/IEC CD 26512, Software and Systems Engineering -- Requirements for acquirers and suppliers of user documentation

169ISO/IEC FDIS 26513, Systems and software engineering - Requirements for testers and reviewers of user documentation

ISO/IEC 26514:2008, Systems and software engineering -- Requirements for designers and developers of user documentation

ISO/IEC NP 26516, Software and Systems Engineering - Reference model for software and systems product lines

ISO/IEC NP 26517, Software and Systems Engineering - Tools and methods of requirements engineering and management for product lines

ISO/IEC NP 26521; Software and Systems Engineering - Tools and methods of requirements engineering and management for product lines

ISO/IEC 26702:2007, Systems engineering -- Application and management of the systems engineering process

ISO/IEC CD 29118, Information Technology - Tools and Methods of requirements engineering and management for product lines

ISO/IEC AWI 29148, Software and systems engineering -- Life cycle processes -- Requirements engineering

185ISO/IEC NP 29152, Software and Systems Engineering -- Requirements for acquirers and suppliers of user documentation (proposed ISO/IEC 26512)

188ISO/IEC NP 29169, Information technology -- The application of conformity assessment methodology to process capability and organizational maturity

190ISO/IEC 29881:2008, Information technology -- Software and systems engineering -- FiSMA 1.1 functional size measurement method

ISO/IEC 42010:2007, Systems and software engineering -- Recommended practice for architectural description of softwareintensive systems

ISO/IEC CD 42010, Systems and software engineering -- Architectural description 193ISO/IEC 90003:2004

ISO/IEC TR 90005:2008, Systems engineering -- Guidelines for the application of ISO 9001 to system life cycle processes

More information: http://www.iso.org/iso/iso\_catalogue/catalogue\_tc/catalogue\_tc\_browse.htm?commid=45086

## A Definition to Close On

## **Capability Maturity Model (CMM)**

A model that contains the essential elements of effective processes for one or more disciplines and describes an evolutionary improvement path from ad hoc, immature processes to disciplined, mature processes with improved quality and effectiveness.

Source: CMMI® for Development, Version 1.2

## **Project Performance International News**

#### PPI Releases New Course "Cognitive Systems Engineering" presented by Dr. Gavan Lintern

Cognitive systems engineering (CSE) is an approach to the engineering of systems containing humans. CSE aims to amplify and make more reliable the human capability to perform cognitive work, by integrating technical functions of subsystems with the human cognitive processes that they need to support. Cognitive work involves the cognitive activities of knowing, understanding, planning, deciding, problem solving, integrating, analyzing, synthesizing, assessing and judging, as performed, for example, in military command and control, civil air traffic control, transportation, health care and video games!

This course, which we believe to be world-leading, teaches methods of cognitive analysis and cognitive design, and illustrates how the methods can be applied to enhance human systems effectiveness and safety within system development and acquisition. Experiential design exercises give delegates practical experience with these techniques. The course, while standing alone, complements PPI's 5-day systems engineering course.

The 5-day course is available on-site, worldwide. Initial public deliveries will be:

- 28 Sep 2 Oct, 2009 Adelaide, SA, Australia
- 2 6 Nov, 2009 London, U.K.
- 16 20 Nov, 2009 Las Vegas, U.S.A.

More information

With effect from 8 July 2009, PPI's new contact arrangements for PPI's clients in Brazil are: Tel.: +55 12 3212 2017 (answers in Australia) Fax: +61 3 9876 2664 Professional: Robert Halligan Administrative: Joshua Freeman

After a transition period, calls from Brazil clients may be returned in Portuguese or English, as appropriate to the caller.

More information

## PPI On-Site Training May/June

During May and June 2009, PPI delivered on-site training in Canada, Australia, the United Kingdom, and Turkey.

# **Project Performance International Events**

## Systems Engineering 5-Day Courses

Upcoming locations include:

- Melbourne, Australia
- Sydney, Australia
- Adelaide, Australia
- Munich, Germany
- Singapore
- Rio de Janeiro, Brazil
- Cape Town, South Africa
- Las Vegas, USA

View 2009 Systems Engineering Course Schedule

#### **Requirements Analysis and Specification Writing 5-Day Courses**

Upcoming locations include:

- Las Vegas, USA
- Melbourne, Australia
- Cape Town, South Africa
- Amsterdam, The Netherlands
- Adelaide, Australia

View 2009 RA&SW Course Schedule

#### **OCD/CONOPS 5-Day Courses**

Upcoming locations include:

- Adelaide, Australia
- Las Vegas, USA
- Pretoria, South Africa

View 2009 OCD/CONOPS Course Schedule

## Software Engineering 5-Day Courses

Upcoming locations include:

- Pretoria, South Africa
- Adelaide, Australia
- Amsterdam, The Netherlands

## **PPI Upcoming Participation in Professional Conferences**

- 20 23 July, 2009 INCOSE International Symposium 2009 Singapore (Exhibiting)
- 20 23 July, 2009 MICSSA 2009 Pretoria, South Africa (Silver Patron)
- 18 22 August, 2009 INCOSE South Africa 2009 Pretoria, South Africa (Gold Sponsor)

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